ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2009 ENGLISH LANGUAGE PRIMARY 4

Name :	_		·	()
Class : P 4 . ()	٠		Date: 6 th Oc	tober 2009

PAPER 1

1 hour 10 minutes

30 marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Do not open this booklet until you are told to do so.

There are two parts to this paper: Part 1 and Part 2.

Answer the question in Part 1 and <u>one</u> question from Part 2.

Write your answers on the papers provided.

This paper consists of 5 printed pages (inclusive of cover page)

ACS(J) P4 EL 2009 SA2

Part 1: Situational Writing

(10 marks)

Question 1

Read the poster below carefully and answer the question on the next page.

Interested in playing basketball?
Have a team of three players ready?
Well, what are you waiting for?

WE WANT YOU !!!!



Calling all students from Primary 4 to 6 - this is your opportunity to win the latest Nintendo DSi system for each member in your team. \Box

Date: 19th November 2009

Time: 2pm to 5pm

Venue: School Basketball Court

Hurry! Places are limited to the first 20 teams, on a first-come-first-served basis only.

See You There!!

* All groups must submit the registration forms to the general office by 6th November 2009. Late entries will not be entertained. For more information, contact Mr Tan @ 9768 5324.

Your Task

Your school is organising a basketball competition and you are interested in participating. You are to send an e-mail to your classmate to ask him if he is interested in joining your team.

In your email, include the following information:

- the date and time of the competition
- venue of the competition
- closing date for registration
- the prize for the winners of the competition
- why you should hurry to register for the competition

You may reorder the points. You should write in complete sentences.

Part 2: Continuous Writing

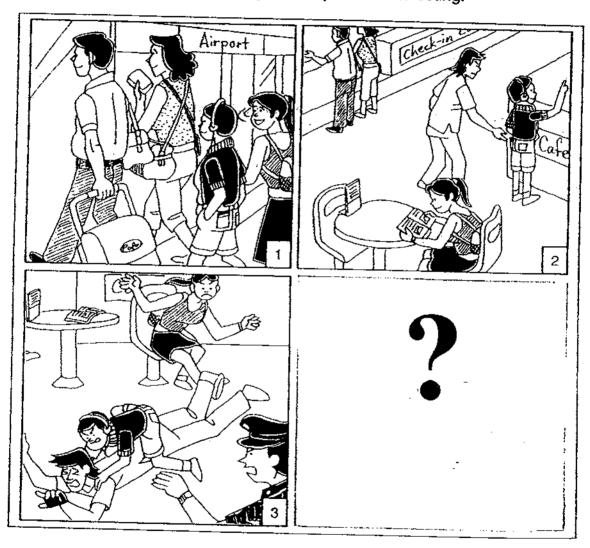
(20 marks)

There are two questions in Part 2.

Answer only **ONE** of them.

Question 2

Write a story of <u>at least 120 words</u> based on the pictures below. Give the story your own ending. You may use the words and phrases in the box. You are encouraged to use other relevant points to make your composition interesting.



ı				
	holiday	pickpocket	departure	tripped
	queuing	checking-in	alert	
Ц.,				1

Question 3

You were coming home from school. While you were walking at the void deck of your flat, you saw two mischievous boys spraying paint on one of the walls at the void deck.

Based on the above situation, write a story of at least 120 words.

In your composition, make use of the points below.

- What you did
- How the boys reacted
- What happened in the end

You may reorder the points. You may include other relevant points.

Some helping words are given in the box below. You may use them in your composition.

vandalised	shocked	scolded	panicked
policemen	ashamed	pleaded	
	<u> </u>		

ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2009

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

PRIMARY 4

LISTENING COMPREHENSION

Name:		()	
Class: P 4 . ()	Date: 29 th	October 200)9

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open the booklet until you are told to do so.
- 2 Follow all instructions carefully.
- 3 Answer all questions.

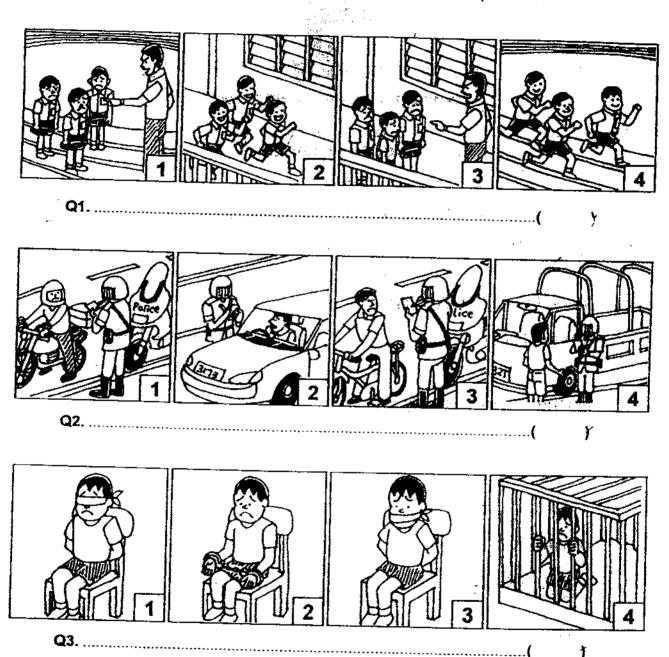
Component	Possible Score	Actual Score
Picture Matching	4	
Note-taking	6	
Dictation Total	6	
TOTAL	16	

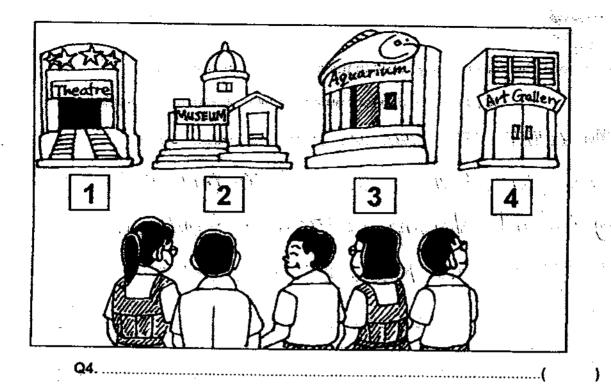
This question paper consists of 4 printed pages. (Inclusive of cover page)

ACS (J) P4 SA2 EL LC 20	09
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Part 1: Picture Matching

Look at the set of pictures. I am going to read to you some statements. Then choose the picture that shows what I have read. Match the sentences to the correct picture. Write the number 1, 2, 3 or 4 in the brackets provided.





Part 2 - Note-taking & Dictation

Q5 to Q10 is a note-taking test. Q11 is a dictation test.

ACS (J) P4 SA2 EL LC 2009

As you listen, take down the missing information by filling each blank numbered Q5 to Q 10 with one word or a short phrase.

Q5.	Name of Shopping CentreShopping Centre
Q6.	The shopping centre is celebrating itsanniversary
Q7.	A shopper who wishes to take part in the lucky draw must spend at least
Q8.	Date on which promotion ends
Q9.	Top prize :
Q10.	If you spend \$60 at the shopping centre, you will get fucky draw tickets.

-3-

Sub-Total:

211.							
	My family and	went on	a holid	ay to Au	ıstralia la	ıst week,	157

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							~
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						-	-
		·		·			
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ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2009 ENGLISH LANGUAGE PRIMARY 4

Name :		(•
Class: P.4.()	Date :	29 October 2009

BOOKLET A

28 Questions

28 Marks

Total Time For Booklet A and B: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1 Do not open the booklet until you are told to do so.
- 2 Follow all instructions carefully.
- 3 Answer all questions.

This paper consists of 7 printed pages (inclusive of cover page)

VOCABULARY MCQ (1 MARK X 10)

For each question from 1 to 10, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

1	Th	e students w	vere advised to	take the necessary	for the experiment.
	(1)	guards		" B _p	
	(2)			•	
	(3)				
	(4)		_	•	
	(7	proocedic	, and		
2	Ку	te finally act	nieved fame an	d fortune, having	for them all his life.
	(1)	wanted			•
	(2)	dwelled			
	(3)	yearned			
	(4)	hankered	İ		
3	The	ere are not m	nany people in yet.	this neighbourhood as mo	st of the new flats are still not
	/41	5.41			
	(1)	full			
	(2)	packed			
	(3)	crowded			
	(4)	occupied			
4	Hel	has broken t	the world	for the high	jump event!
	(1)	figure	-		
	(2)	record			
	(3)	reading			
	(4)	measuren	nent		
5	T'L -	.1			-
3	ine	ciassroom i	\$ <u>·</u>	except for some ne	ewspaper clippings on the boards.
	(1)	bold			
		bald			•
	(2)	bare			-
	(3)	bland			-
	(4)	blank	•		
6	The	pastry chef	. <u>.</u>	the dough before pu	tting it into the oven.
	(1)	rubbed			
	(2)	kneed			
	(3)	kneaded			
	(4)	elbowed			
	17/	CIDOMEU			

1	The toy	e little boy's trousers	at the seams when he bent over to pick up his
	ю	5 .	•
	(1)	split	· ,
	(2)		•
	(3)		·
	(4)	splattered	
	(4)	spiattered	
_	_		and the state of t
8	The	school soccer players were	from class on the day of their
	tou	mament.	
	745		
	(1)	abused	
	(2)	excused	
	(3)	accused	
	(4)	executed	
		• .	
9	Dr Ba	ala, the famous eye surgeon, ha	medicine for more than twenty
	years	i.	
	(1)	da	
	(1)	done	
	(2)	made	
	(3)	executed	
	(4)	practised	
10	The n	nurderer hung his head in shan	ne in the of the deceased victim's
	family	members.	S. W. GOGGGOOD FIGURITS
	(1)	present	
		•	•
	(2)	company	
	(3)	presence	
	(4)	attendance	
^			
GKA	MMAR N	<u>NCQ</u> (1 MARK X 10)	-
For e	ach que	stion from 11 to 20, four action	are given. One of the visit it
Make	vour ch	pice (1 2 3 or 4) Shade the	s are given. One of them is the correct answer. correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.
	,	(1, 2, 0 o. 4). Ollade life	correct ovar (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.
			· -
11	John a	and his father went fishing last t	Sunday, they?
	(1)	do	•
	(2)	did	
	(3)	don't	•
	(4)	didn't	
2	Gopal,	as well as his two brothers.	out at Mr Ali's provision shop every
	weeker	nd.	out at the All 5 broatstott strop every
	(1)	help	
		•	
		helps	
	1 .1	helped	
	(4)	have helped	
		•	

13		of thes	se bookmarks was m	ade by Rishi.	n digga est in the
	74)			•	ASP 1 P. C.
	(1) (2)	All Most			
	(3)	Each		•	
	(4)	Some			-
	(7)	Come			
14	Sus	san	the piano when it	started to rain.	
	43				
	(1)	practise			
	(2)	practises			-
	(3) (4)	practised was practising			
	(1)	was practising			
15		.lames ura	e eleany ha stayad.	· fata ta a tala e -	
		odifics wa	a sicepy, tie stayed t	p late to complete his	project work.
	(1)	As		•	•
	(2)	Since			·
	(3)	Unless			
	(4)	Although	•		
				•	•
16	My fa	ather could not see	the road clearly as th	ere was too	fog.
	(1)	few			
	(2)	little			
	(3)	much			
	(4)	many			
17	Mrs (living	Hee was baking coo room.	okies	her daughter was do	ping her homework in the
	(1)	until			
	(2)	while			
	(3)	since			
	(4)	unless			
18	Mr ar	id Mrs Wee are star ation in the future.	rting to put	some money fo	or their children's
	(1)	in			
	(2)	up			
	(3)	aside			
	(4)	across			
19	The te	eacher told Keith no	nt to run along the cor	ridor,	_ he kept on doing so.
	(1)	if			
	(2)				
	(3)	as			
	(4)	Of Vot			
	(4)	yet			

20	The cat			mie save	son. 🤚			
	(1) (2)	who which	•	er som y	$\phi_0 = \mathcal{N}(z_0)$		1. E. T.	en e
	(3)	where			 1 1:0	Specifical		1.00 F. 1.00 F
	(4)	whose	1 No. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					

GRAMMAR: PUNCTUATION (1 MARK X 3)

For each question from 21 to 23, choose the correct punctuation to complete the passage. Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet.

Just then, the door opened and a nurse came in.

"Helio," she said. "So you(21)ve woken up at last."

"Where am i(22)

"You're a lucky man. You landed in the woods near the beach. You're in Brighton. They brought you in two days ago, and now you're all fixed up(23) You look fine."

"I've lost a leg," he said.

The nurse looked at him with sympathy.

Adapted from 'Beware of the Dog' by Roald Dahl

41	(1)	1:1	comma
	(2)	[-]	full stop
	(3)	[']	apostrophe
	(4)	["]	inverted commas
22	(1)	[.]	full stop
	(2)	[?]	question mark
	(3)	[."]	full stop and inverted commas
	(4)	[?"]	question mark and inverted commas
23	(1)	[.]	comma
	(2)	[.]	full stop
	(3)	[,"]	comma and inverted commas
	(4)	["]	full stop and invested common

Read the passage below and answer the questions that follow it.

sentiment transphere especially in Antartatica. Highly adapted for life in the water, penguins have countershaded dark and white plumage, and their wings have become flippers. Most penguins feed on krill, fish, squid and other forms of sealife caught while swimming underwater. They spend about half of their life on land and half in the oceans.

And some underside and deep black colours are carried to carnoullage.

And the penguin and the relative under surface. The dark colour carnoullages them from predators living above the water.

Penguins either waddle on their feet or sittle pellies across the energy of the penguin and allows them to move swiftly from one place to another. In the extreme cold of the Antarctic winter, the females fish for food in the sea and leave the males to brave the weather by themselves. They often huddle together to keep warm and rotate positions to make sure that each penguin gets a turn in the centre of the heat pack.

Although all penguin species are native to the southern hemisphere, they are not only found in cold climates. In fact, only a few species of penguin five so far south. Several species, though much lesser in number, are found in the temperate zone, and one species, the Galápagos Penguin, lives near the equator.

The largest living species is the Emperof Penguin. Adults of these species can reach heights of about 1.1m and weigh 35kg or more. The smallest penguin species is the Little Blue Penguin (also known as the Fairy Penguin), which is about 40cm tall and weighs 1kg. Larger penguins tend to inhabit the colder regions while smaller penguins are generally found in temperate or even tropical climates.

(Adapted from Penguin, Wikipedia)

10

15

20

For each question from 24 to 28, four options are given. One of them is the correct answer. Make your choice (1, 2, 3 or 4). Shade the correct oval (1, 2, 3 or 4) on the Optical Answer Sheet. (5 marks)

24	P	enguins are mostly found
	(1) in Antarctica
	(2	
	(3	
	(4	
	•	, die temperate zone
25	Th	e white underside of the penguin helps it to
	(1)	hunt for food
	(2)	
	(3)	
-	·· (4)	camouflage from predators living below the surface of the water
26	"To	bogganing" refers to
	(1)	the conservation of annual to
	(2)	the conservation of energy during movement
	(3)	the movement of penguins waddling on their feet
	(4)	the huddling action between penguins to keep warm the movement of penguins using their bellies to slide across the snow
27	Fror	n the passage, we learn that
	(1)	penguins live only in cold climates
	(2)	the male penguins do not hunt for food
	(3)	penguins only come to land to hunt for food
	(4) .	smaller penguins tend to live in colder climates
28	The	Emperor Penguin
	(1)	lives near the equator
	(2)	is the largest living species of penguins
	(3)	refers to a species that has a maximum to the same
	(4)	refers to a species that has a maximum weight of 35kg is the name given to adult songuing the first transfer to adult songuing the first transfer to a species that has a maximum weight of 35kg
		is the name given to adult penguins who have reached a height of 1.1m

END OF BOOKLET A

ANGLO-CHINESE SCHOOL (JUNIOR)



SEMESTRAL ASSESSMENT 2 - 2009 **ENGLISH LANGUAGE PRIMARY 4**

Name <u>:</u>		()
Class:P4.()		Date: 29 October 2009
	BOOK! ET P	Parent's Signature

30 Questions

40 Marks

Total Time For Booklets A and B: 1 hour 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open the booklet until you are told to do so. 1
- 2 Follow all instructions carefully.
- Answer all questions. 3

Booklet	Component	Possible Marks	Marks Obtained
Α	-	28	
	Grammar Cloze	5	
	Editing for Spelling & Grammar	5	
В	Synthesis and Transformation	Marks (
J	Comprehension Cloze	10	
	Comprehension OE	10	
·	Total	40	
TOTAL for Booklets A and B		68	

This paper consists of 7 printed pages (inclusive of cover page)

GRAMMAR CLOZE (1 MARK X 5)

Read the passage carefully. From the list of words given in the box below, choose the most suitable word for each blank. Write its letter (A to F) in the blanks provided.

(A) fne	(C) nim	(E) tris	
(B) fie	(D)11	(E) we	
"Come back here, you tro	uble-maker!" shouted Uncle Jin	n at Stan.	
"I got you, didn't I, Uncle	Jim? I got you!" Stan Jeered triuj	mphantly as his uncle had fallen	for his trick.
Uncle Jim had asked Star	n to make (29)	a cup of tea. Instead of sugar, Si	tan had
added in some salt and p	epper.		•
Uncle Jim had gagged an	d coughed the moment (30)	drank the tea. Whil	le Uncle Jim
was fuming with anger, St	tan had disappeared and escap	ed punishment.	
"Yes, (31)	have got to do something abo	out that boy! A joke once in a wh	ite is all
right for (32)	_but not every hour of the d	ay," Uncle Jim said angrily.	
"Why don't we play a joke	,on/him instead?" Father sugge	sted. "We'll give him a taste of	
(33) own	medicine."	- · ·	
	(Ad	lapted from 'Chicken Soup for the Soul')	

EDITING FOR SPELLING AND GRAMMAR (1 MARK X 5)

Correct each word in **bold** for spelling and each <u>underlined</u> word for grammar. Write the correct word in the relevant box.

An octopus is a sea creature that has a soft body and eight tentacles. It can
(34)
be quite frightening to look at. When the octopus was first sited many years ago,
(35)
people thought that it was a sea monster. Due to this, the octopus is also know as the
devilfish.
(36)
An octopus caught its prey with its tentacles which have round discs on
(37)
them called suction cups. These cups can hold onto any objek tightly even when
they are cut off from the body.
(38)
In order to paralyse its prey, an octopus sometimes injeks poison into its
victims. Its prey include crabs, lobsters, mussels and many other shellfish.
the proy moduce crabs, lobsters, mussels and many other shellfish.

(Adapted from http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Octopus)

SYNTHESIS AND TRANSFORMATION (2 MARKS X 5)

For each of the questions 39 to 43, rewrite the given sentence(s) using the word(s) provided. Your answer must be in **one** sentence. The meaning of your sentence must be the same as the meaning of the given sentence(s).

Both	· -
Mr Lee bought tickets for a movie. Then he went to pick up his wife.	
	before
	-
Helen said, "I want to get a pink dress for my birthday party."	
Helen said that	
Gilbert does not like durians. Fiona does not like durians too.	
Neither	
	· •
Robin and Dilion have stopped talking to each other. They got into an argument.	
	sinc

COMPREHENSION CLOZE (1 MARK X 10) Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

	
Polar bears travel widely around the North Pole. They can roam (44)	
miles across the frozen Arctic regions, sailing on icebergs and (45)	
them to drift from island to island. They feed mainly (46) seals	
which they kill with their sharp (47) The seals are mammals and r	reed
to (48) They often have to find holes in the ice to surface. After w	hich
they swim up to these holes to take ₂ (49)air. Polar bears wait pati	iently
by these (50) Once the seal comes up, the bear will strike it or	n the
nose, where it is (51) vulnerable. Often the bear can kill the se	eai
(52)it is still underwater. The bear then hauls the seal up	
(53) the ice. This is not an easy task as an adult seal can we	iah
nore than 500 kilograms.	· J ··
(Adapted from http://kids.nationalgeographic.com)	

COMPREHENSION OPEN-ENDED (2 MARKS X 5)

Read the passage below and answer questions 54 to 58.

When William Revisible was four years old, she had police. This caused her to be crippled and while to make. To make matters worse, her family was poor and could not afford good medical care. She was from a large family. She was the 20th child out of 22 children. Her father was a railroad porter and her mother was a maid.

Doctors had said that she would not be able to walk. Every week, her mother took her on a long bus trip to a hospital to receive therapy. It did not help much but the doctors said she could try giving Wilma a massage every day by rubbing her legs. Her mother taught her siblings how to do it and they also rubbed her legs four times a day.

By the time she was eight, she could walk with a leg brace. After that, she used a high-topped shoe to support her foot. She played basketball with her brothers every day.

When she was eleven, her mother came home one day to find her, without her special shoe, playing basketball by herself, barefooted!

A track coach encouraged her to start running. She ran so well that during her senior year in high school, she qualified for the 1956 Olympics in Melbourne, Australia. She won a bronze medal in the women's 400-metre relay.

In 1959, she qualified for the 1960 Olympic Games in Rome by setting a world record in the 200-metre race.

At the games, she sprained her ankle but she ignored the pain and helped her team win a gold medal in the 400-metre relay!

She retired from running when she was twenty-two years old but she went on to coach women's track teams and encourage young people. She also started the Wilma Rudolph Foundation to help children learn about discipline and hard work.

She died of brain cancer in 1994. Even though she is no longer alive, her influence still lives on in the lives of many young people who look up to her.

(Adapted from http://gardenolpraise.com/ibdwilma.htm)

10

15

20

25

B - 6

ALL ANSWERS MUST BE IN COMPLETE SENTENCES.

What h	nappened to Wilma when she was four years old?
Which:	sentence in the passage tells us that Wilma's mother was a very determined woman
How did	I Wilma's mother ensure that there would be someone to massage Wilma's leg every
In lines tell you a	19-20, "At the games, she sprained400-metre relay." What does this sentences about Wilma?
·	
Why did	Wilma start the Wilma Rudolph Foundation?
_	

END OF PAPER

Answer Ke

EXAM PAPER 2009

SCHOOL: ACS PRIMARY

SUBJECT: PRIMARY 4 ENGLISH

TERM : SA2

Q1 Q2	Q3	Q4	Q5	Q6	Q7	Q8	Q9	Q10	Q11	Q12	Q13	Q14	Q15	Q16	Q17
4 3	4	2	2	3	1	2	4	3	4	2	3	4	4	3	2

Q18	Q19	Q20	Q21	Q22	Q23	Q24	Q25	Q26	Q27	Q28	Q29	Q30	Q31	Q32	Q33
3	4	2	3	4	2	1	4	4	2	2	C	В	F	A	E

- 34)sighted 35)known 36)catches 37)object 38)injects
- 39)Both Janet and Ellen signed up for a voluntary project in Thailand.
- 40)Mr Lee bought tickets for a movie before going to pick up his wife.
- 41)Helen said that she wanted to get a pink dress for her birthday party.
- 42) Neither Gilbert nor Fiona likes durians.
- 43)Robin and Dillon have stopped talking to each other since they got into an argument.
- 44)for 45)using 46)on 47)teeth 48)breath 49)in
- 50)holes 51)extremely 52)while 53)onto
- 54) Wilma had polio, which caused her to be crippled and unable to walk when she was four.
- 55)The sentence is "However, her mother decided she would do everything she could to help Wilma walk again".
- 56) Wilma's mother taught Wilma's siblings how to massage.

57) Wilma was very determined to win the game and would ignore pain so that she would not let her team down.

58) She wanted to help children learn about discipline and hard work.